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TruSight® Tumor 26 Reference Guide



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Customize a short end-to-end workflow guide with the Custom Protocol Selector support.illumina.com/custom-protocol-selector.html

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Revision History

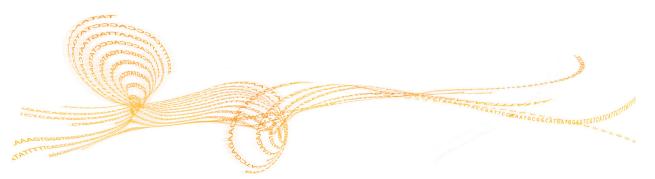
Document	Date	Description of Change
Material # 20003629 Document # 15042911 v02	January 2016	 Removed Read Before Using this Product section. Additional Resources: Moved and edited support page statement, added Custom Protocol Selector, removed IEM TruSight Quick Reference Card. New Prepare for Pooling section. Updated with shorter sentences to match new library prep style. Updated section headings to match new prep style. Removed mentions of the MiSeq System. Corrected typo in qPCR program. PCR Amplification section: Moved the thermal cycler setup step to Preparation section Moved Procedure heading to before the index primer arrangement step Removed denature and dilute steps in Pool Libraries section.
Material # 20000848 Document # 15042911 v01	September 2015	 Updated to new library prep style. Rebranded to TruSight Tumor 26. Corrected Consumables list in Library Denaturing and Pooling section—Removed 1X TE and replaced with EBT to match protocol. Corrected Box 2 and Box 3 in TruSight Tumor 26 Kit. Updated Consumables list: Added Deparaffinization Solution, QIAamp DNA FFPE Tissue Kit, and KAPA SYBR FAST qPCR Master Mix (2X) (Universal). Removed 100x TE Buffer. Corrected PhiX control kit name to PhiX Control v3 and corrected the catalog number.
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Chapter1

Introduction

TruSight[®] Tumor 26 takes a deeper view of variation in solid tumors including lung, colon, melanoma, gastric, and ovarian. This step enables clinical researchers to look beyond point mutations within hot spots in single genes for a more comprehensive view of somatic variation. TruSight Tumor 26 provides amplicon-based library preparation reagents, DNA QC, sample indexes, and oligos targeting identified regions of interest. Sufficient reagents are supplied for 48 samples and the indexes provided enable indexing of 4 samples per sequencing run.

The TruSight Tumor 26 protocol offers:

- ▶ High Accuracy, Low-Frequency Variant Detection—Highly accurate somatic variant analysis at limit of detection below 5% allele frequency across 174 amplicons with 1000x minimum coverage of each region Optimized for formalin-fixed, paraffinembedded (FFPE) tissues.
- Optimized for Formalin-Fixed, Paraffin-Embedded (FFPE) Tissues—Exceptional sample success rate with minimal DNA input for accurate base calling even in degraded FFPE samples.
- Deep Coverage of Variants Involved with Solid Tumors—Coverage of exon coding regions for analysis of molecular heterogeneity in highly relevant content selected from CAP and NCCN guidelines and late stage clinical trials.

DNA Input Recommendations

Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) human tissues are a valuable source of material for molecular analysis and clinical studies. Several processes and protocols now exist for the extraction and purification of nucleic acids from FFPE samples. The assays used to evaluate DNA and RNA have evolved from simple monoplex PCR to higher plexity products. As a result, the quality and amount of nucleic acid extracted from FFPE material becomes more critical to the success of these assays.

The TruSight Tumor 26 assay can be used to generate sequencing libraries that are highly multiplexed at both the target and sample level. The high level of assay complexity is enabled by combining an oligo extension-ligation process with universal PCR. Both of these reactions require a largely intact DNA template that can be denatured. The process of preparing FFPE samples negatively impacts DNA quality by fragmenting, cross-linking, and otherwise damaging DNA through various chemical modifications. As a result, it is essential to assess the extent of the damage and, where possible, improve the procedures for fixation of tissue extraction of DNA from FFPE. This adjustment can partially compensate for damage and improve results from the TruSight Tumor 26 assay with FFPE DNA.

DNA Extraction Recommendations

Illumina recommends using the *QIAGEN Supplementary Protocol: Purification of Genomic DNA from FFPE Tissue using the QIAamp DNA FFPE Tissue Kit and Deparaffinization Solution.* This protocol extracts the highest amount of amplifiable DNA from an FFPE tissue block, with the following modifications:

- Extract gDNA from 8 separate 5 μm FFPE tissue sections per extraction
- Deparaffinize with 320 µl of QIAGEN Deparaffinization Solution
- Digest with Proteinase K in a thermal mixer overnight at 1000 rpm
- Decrease elution volume to 30 µl to maximize DNA concentration

Additional Resources

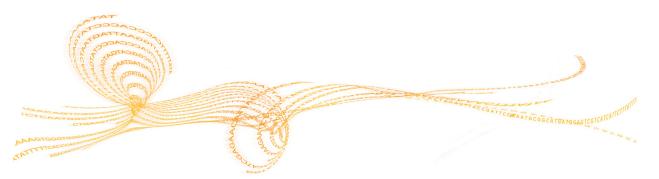
Visit the TruSight Tumor 26 support page on the Illumina website for documentation, software downloads, training resources, and information about compatible Illumina products.

The following documentation is available for download from the Illumina website.

Resource	Description
Custom Protocol Selector	http://support.illumina.com/custom-protocol-selector.html A wizard for generating customized end-to-end documentation that is tailored to the library prep method, run parameters, and analysis method used for the sequencing run.
TruSight Tumor 26 Protocol Guide (document # 1000000001444)	Provides only protocol instructions. The protocol guide is intended for experienced users. For new or less experienced users, see the TruSight Tumor 26 Reference Guide.
TruSight Tumor 26 Checklist (document # 1000000001445)	Provides a checklist of the protocol steps. The checklist is intended for experienced users. For new or less experienced users, see the TruSight Tumor 26 Reference Guide.

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Protocol

This chapter describes the TruSight Tumor 26 protocol.

- Review Best Practices before proceeding. See Additional Resources on page 4 for information on how to access TruSight Tumor 26 Best Practices on the Illumina website.
- Follow the protocols in the order shown, using the specified volumes and incubation parameters.
- As a troubleshooting aid, ACD1 (Amplicon Control DNA), and ACP1 (Amplicon Control Oligo Pool) have been included in this kit. Using ACD1 instead of gDNA and ACP1 instead of FPA and FPB in the TruSight Tumor 26 assay can help narrow down issues arising from gDNA sample prep or primer contamination. Libraries made with these controls cannot be sequenced alongside other TruSight Tumor 26 libraries as they require longer cycles.

Prepare for Pooling

If you plan to pool libraries, record information about your samples before beginning library prep. Different methods are available depending on the sequencing instrument you are using. See the TruSight Tumor 26 support page for more information.

Review the planning steps in the *Pooling Guide* when preparing libraries for Illumina sequencing systems that require balanced index combinations.

Tips and Techniques

Unless a safe stopping point is specified in the protocol, proceed immediately to the next step.

Avoiding Cross-Contamination

- When adding or transferring samples, change tips between *each sample*.
- When adding adapters or primers, change tips between *each row* and *each column*.
- Remove unused index adapter tubes from the working area.

Sealing the Plate

- Always seal the 96-well plate before the following steps in the protocol:
 - Shaking steps
 - Vortexing steps
 - Centrifuge steps
 - Thermal cycling steps
- Apply the adhesive seal to cover the plate and seal with a rubber roller.
- Microseal 'B' adhesive seals are effective at -40°C to 110°C, and suitable for skirted or semiskirted PCR plates. Use Microseal 'B' for shaking, centrifuging, and long-term storage.
- Microseal 'A' adhesive film is effective for thermal cycling and easy to cut when using fewer than 96 wells.

Plate Transfers

When transferring volumes between plates, transfer the specified volume from each well of a plate to the corresponding well of the other plate.

Centrifugation

- Centrifuge at any step in the procedure to consolidate liquid or beads in the bottom of the well, and to prevent sample loss.
 - ▶ To pellet beads, centrifuge at 280 × g for 1 minute.

Handling Beads

- Pipette bead suspension slowly.
- When mixing, mix thoroughly.
- If beads are aspirated into the pipette tips, dispense back to the plate on the magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (~2 minutes).
- When washing beads:
 - Use the appropriate magnet for the plate.
 - Dispense liquid so that beads on the side of the wells are wetted.
 - Keep the plate on the magnet until the instructions specify to remove it.
 - > Do not agitate the plate while on the magnetic stand. Do not disturb the bead pellet.

TruSight Tumor 26 Workflow

The following diagram illustrates the workflow using the TruSight Tumor 26 Kit. Safe stopping points are marked between steps.

Figure 1 TruSight Tumor 26 Workflow



Qualify DNA Extracted from FFPE Samples

During this step, a qPCR reaction determines the amplification potential of FFPE-extracted gDNA samples. By comparing the amplification potential of FFPE DNA relative to that of the QCT non-FFPE reference gDNA, a Δ Cq value is calculated for each sample. The Δ Cq value is then used to predict sample performance in the TruSight Tumor 26 assay. The exact amount of FFPE DNA input varies according to the quality of the extracted DNA.

Consumables

- QCT (Quality Control Template)
- QCP (Quality Control Primer)
- Genomic DNA
- ▶ 48 or 96-well plate
- Adhesive seal (dependent on qPCR machine)
- ▶ KAPA SYBR FAST qPCR Master Mix (2X) (Universal)
- Nuclease-free water
- PCR 8-tube strips (if using QCT for the first time)

Preparation

1 Prepare the following consumables.

Item	Storage	Instructions
QCT	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature for up to 30 minutes.
QCP	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature for up to 30 minutes.
Genomic DNA	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature for up to 30 minutes.
KAPA SYBR FAST qPCR Master Mix (2X) (Universal)	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature for up to 30 minutes.

- 2 [Optional] Make 5 µl aliquots of QCT into different PCR tube strips.
- 3 Place thawed tubes on ice.

Procedure

- 1 Add 5 µl QCT to 495 µl nuclease-free water in a microcentrifuge tube.
- 2 Vortex to mix.
- 3 Add 1 µl QCP to 9 µl nuclease-free water in a microcentrifuge tube.

Make a larger dilution if qualifying more than one genomic DNA sample.

- 4 Vortex to mix.
- 5 Add 1.5 μ l extracted genomic DNA to 148.5 μ l nuclease-free water in microcentrifuge tubes to make a 100-fold dilution.
- 6 Vortex to mix.

7 Determine the plate layout of the qPCR reaction. For 10 samples, use the following layout.

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Α	QCT	Sample 1	Sample 3	Sample 5	Sample 7	Sample 9
В	QCT	Sample 1	Sample 3	Sample 5	Sample 7	Sample 9
С	QCT	Sample 1	Sample 3	Sample 5	Sample 7	Sample 9
D	NTC*	Sample 2	Sample 4	Sample 6	Sample 8	Sample 10
Е	NTC*	Sample 2	Sample 4	Sample 6	Sample 8	Sample 10
F	NTC*	Sample 2	Sample 4	Sample 6	Sample 8	Sample 10

NTC: No template control. Illumina recommends using nuclease-free water.

8 Prepare the SYBR master mix reaction as follows.

The master	mix	contains	extra	volume.	

Consumable	Per well	Per 48-well plate	Per 96-well plate
KAPA SYBR FAST qPCR Master Mix (2X) (Universal)	5.0 µl	275 μl	550 µl
Diluted QCP	1.0 µl	55 µl	110 µl
Nuclease-free water	2.0 µl	110 µl	220 µl

- 9 Gently invert to mix.
- 10 Set aside on ice away from light.
- 11 Add 8 μ l of the master mix to each well.
- 12 According to your plate layout, add 2 μ l of the QCT dilution, the sample dilutions, or nuclease-free water to each well of the plate.
- 13 Seal the plate using an appropriate seal for your qPCR machine.
- 14 Centrifuge at 250 × g for 1 minute.
- 15 Make sure that the seal is free of any liquid or dust.
- 16 Place on the qPCR machine, close the lid, and run the following program.

Procedure	Temperature	Time
Hot Start	50°C	2 minutes
	95°C	10 minutes
x40	95°C	30 seconds
	60°C	30 seconds
	72°C	30 seconds

17 Confirm that the instrument captures images after the 72°C step.



Set the Cq threshold to a value that avoids inaccurate measurements due to background (100 RFU on the Bio-Rad 396CFX System).

- 18 After the final step, the thermal cycler analyzes the quantified libraries. Make sure that amplification of the NTC occurs at least 10 cycles after QCT amplification.
- 19 Make sure that there is good amplification for the QCT and remove outliers from a triplicate group that are > 0.5 Cq different from the rest of the group.



Four or more outliers per plate indicate technical errors.

20 Exclude replicates exhibiting abnormal amplification curves.

For more information, see Illumina sequencing white paper, *Generating Sequencing Libraries Using DNA from FFPE Samples*.

21 Subtract the average Cq for the QCT from the average Cq for each sample to yield the Δ Cq values for each sample.

Hybridize the Oligo Pool

During this step, a custom pool containing upstream and downstream oligos specific to your targeted regions of interest is hybridized to your genomic DNA samples.



This set of reagents contains formamide, an aliphatic amide that is a probable reproductive toxin. Personal injury can occur through inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, and eye contact. Wear protective equipment, including eye protection, gloves, and laboratory coat. Handle used reagents as chemical waste and discard in accordance with the governmental safety standards for your region. For environmental, health, and safety information, see the SDS for this kit at support.illumina.com/sds.html.

NOTE

Illumina does not support the use of gDNA samples giving a delta Cq value of >4.

Consumables

- [Optional] ACD1 (Amplicon Control DNA1)
- [Optional] ACP1 (Amplicon Control Oligo Pool 1)
- FPA (TruSight Tumor Oligo Pool A)
- FPB (TruSight Tumor Oligo Pool B)
- OHS3 (Oligo Hybridization for Sequencing 3)
- Genomic DNA
- ▶ 96-well skirted PCR plate
- [Optional] Adhesive aluminum foil seal (if a heat sealer is not available)
- Troughs

About Reagents

- Use ACPD1 and ACP1 to enable Illumina Technical Support troubleshooting. Include control samples in your assay periodically to establish baselines and monitor overall performance.
- If you are using controls, use ACD1 instead of gDNA and ACP1 instead of FPA and FPB.
- ACP1 is specific for Homo sapiens and does not work with DNA from other species.

Preparation

1 Prepare the following consumables.

Item	Storage	Instructions
[Optional] ACD1	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature for up to 30 minutes.
[Optional] ACP1	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature for up to 30 minutes.
FPA	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature for up to 30 minutes.
FPB	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature for up to 30 minutes.
OHS3	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature. If precipitate is observed, incubate at 37°C for 10 minutes and vortex for 1 minute. Repeat as needed until precipitate is no longer visible.
Genomic DNA	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature for up to 30 minutes.

- 2 Place thawed tubes on ice.
- 3 Preheat a 96-well heat block to 95°C.
- 4 Label a new 96-well PCR plate "HYP_Plate_ID".

Procedure

1 Dilute 10 µl of genomic DNA extracted from FFPE samples.

Use the following table to determine the fold dilution required for each calculated delta Cq.

Delta Cq	-2.5 to -1.5	-1.5 to -0.5	-0.5 to 0.5	0.5 to 1.5	1.5 to 4
Dilution	16x	8x	4x	2x	No dilution

NOTE

If preparing libraries from the control DNA in parallel with FFPE DNA samples, dilute 5 μ l of ACD1 with 45 μ l of TE Buffer. Add 10 μ l to each of 2 control wells for FPA and FPB, and/or 2 control wells for ACP1.

- 2 Add 10 µl diluted sample to wells on the left half of the plate, starting with column 1.
- 3 Add 10 µl diluted sample to wells on the right half of the plate, starting with column 7.
- 4 Add 5 µl FPA to each well containing sample on the left half of the plate.
- 5 Add 5 µl FPB to each well containing sample on the right half of the plate.



If preparing libraries from ACD1, add 5 μ l FPA to 1 control well and 5 μ l FPB to the second control well. If preparing libraries using ACP1, add 5 μ l ACP1 to 2 additional control wells of ACD1.

6 Add 35 μl OHS3 to each well containing sample. Gently pipette to mix.



Make sure that there are no crystals or precipitate visible in the OHS3.

- 7 Seal with a heat sealer or foil seal.
- 8 Centrifuge at 1000 × g at 20°C for 1 minute.
- 9 Place on the heat block and incubate for 1 minute.
- 10 Reduce the heat block to 40°C, and incubate for 14–18 hours.



Moving the plate from the 95°C heat block to another preheated block set to 40°C can adversely affect hybridization.

Remove Unbound Oligos

This process removes unbound oligos from genomic DNA using a filter capable of size selection. Two wash steps using SW1 ensure complete removal of unbound oligos. A third wash step using UB1 removes residual SW1 and prepares samples for the extension-ligation step.

Consumables

- ELM4 (Extension-Ligation Mix 4)
- SW1 (Stringent Wash 1)
- UB1 (Universal Buffer 1)
- Filter plate with lid (keep spare filter plates as general lab supplies)
- Adapter collar (reusable)
- Midi plate
- Troughs



WARNING

This set of reagents contains formamide, an aliphatic amide that is a probable reproductive toxin. Personal injury can occur through inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, and eye contact. Wear protective equipment, including eye protection, gloves, and laboratory coat. Handle used reagents as chemical waste and discard in accordance with the governmental safety standards for your region. For environmental, health, and safety information, see the SDS for this kit at support.illumina.com/sds.html.

WARNING

This set of reagents contains ß-mercaptoethanol. Perform the following procedure in a hood or well-ventilated area.

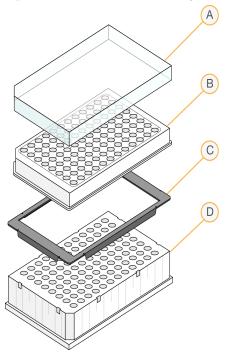
Preparation

1 Prepare the following consumables.

Item	Storage	Instructions
ELM3	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature for ~20 minutes.
SW1	2°C to 8°C	Set aside at room temperature.
UB1	2°C to 8°C	Set aside at room temperature.

2 Assemble the filter plate assembly unit (FPU) in the following order, from top to bottom:

Figure 2 Filter Plate Unit Assembly



- A Lid
- **B** Filter plate
- C Adapter collar
- D midi plate
- 3 Apply the FPU barcode plate sticker to the filter plate.
- 4 Prewash the FPU membrane, as follows.

Prewash only the wells to be used in the current assay. If using a previously opened filter plate, use only unused wells. Do not reuse wells that have been used in a previous assay.

- a Add 50 µl of SW1 to each well.
- b Cover with the filter plate lid.
- c Centrifuge at $2,400 \times g$ at $20^{\circ}C$ for 5 minutes.
- 5 Preheat the incubator to 37°C.
- 6 After the overnight incubation, confirm that the heat block has cooled to 40° C.



If the heat block fails to cool to 40°C overnight, repeat library preparation.

Procedure



NOTE Cover the FPU with the lid during each centrifugation step.

1 Centrifuge at $1000 \times g$ at $20^{\circ}C$ for 1 minute to collect condensation.

- 2 Transfer the entire volume to the corresponding wells of the FPU.
- 3 Centrifuge at 2400 × g at 20°C for 5 minutes.
- 4 Wash the FPU, as follows.
 - a Add 50 µl of SW1 to each sample well.
 - b Centrifuge at $2,400 \times g$ for 5 minutes.
- 5 Repeat the wash as described in the previous step.
- 6 Discard waste in a hazardous waste container, and then reassemble the FPU. The same midi plate can be reused for the rest of the pre-amplification process.
- 7 Add 45 µl UB1 to each well containing sample.
- 8 Centrifuge at 2400 × g for 5 minutes.

Extend and Ligate Bound Oligos

This process connects the hybridized upstream and downstream oligos. A DNA polymerase extends the upstream oligo through the targeted region, and is ligated to the 5' end of the downstream oligo using a DNA ligase. The ligation step forms products containing the targeted regions of interest flanked by sequences required for amplification.

Consumables

- ELM3 (Extension-Ligation Mix 3)
- Adhesive aluminum foil seal
- Troughs

Procedure

- Add 45 µl ELM3 to each well containing sample. The extension-ligation reaction takes place on the filter plate membrane. If you use care to avoid cross-contamination, changing tips between columns is not required.
- 2 Seal with a foil seal, and then cover with the lid.
- 3 Incubate in the preheated 37°C incubator for 45 minutes.
- 4 During incubation, prepare the IAP (Indexed Amplification Plate) as described in the following section.

Amplify Libraries

In this step, the extension-ligation products are amplified using PCR. This step adds index sequences for sample multiplexing (i5 and i7) and common adapters required for amplifying clusters on the flow cell.

Consumables

- PMM2 (PCR Master Mix 2)
- ▶ i5 index adapters (A501–A508)
- i7 index adapters (A701–A712)
- TDP1 (TruSeq DNA Polymerase 1)
- 0.05 N NaOH (freshly prepared from 10 N NaOH)
- 96-well skirted PCR plate
- Microseal 'B' adhesive film
- Troughs

Preparation

1 Prepare the following consumables.

Item	Storage	Instructions
PMM2	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature. Vortex to mix, and then briefly centrifuge.
Index primers (i5 and i7)	-25°C to -15°C	Thaw at room temperature. Vortex each tube to mix, and then briefly centrifuge.

- 2 To prepare fresh 0.05 N NaOH, add 20 μl of 10 N NaOH to 3.98 ml sterile water.
- 3 Save the following program as PCR AMP on a thermal cycler with a heated lid.
 - Choose the preheat lid option and set to 100°C
 - ▶ 95°C for 3 minutes
 - > 27 cycles of:
 - ▶ 95°C for 30 seconds
 - ▶ 62°C for 30 seconds
 - ▶ 72°C for 60 seconds
 - ▶ 72°C for 5 minutes
 - ► Hold at 10°C

Procedure

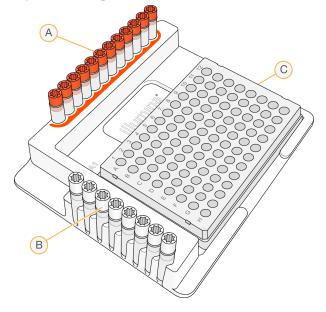
- 1 Arrange the index primers in the TruSeq Index Plate Fixture, as follows.
 - ▶ Index 1 (i7) adapters (A701–A712) in columns 1–12
 - Index 2 (i5) adapters (A501–A508) in rows A–H

Collect all liquid in the bottoms of the tubes by holding them in place in the rack and tapping it against the bench.



If fewer than 48 samples (96 reactions) are being prepared or alternate index combinations are being employed, the Index Plate Fixture is not needed. The indexes can then be added to the appropriate wells of the IAP plate manually.

Figure 3 TruSeq Index Plate Fixture



- A Columns 1–12: Index 1 (i7) adapters (orange caps)
- **B** Rows A–H: Index 2 (i5) adapters (white caps)
- C IAP plate
- 2 Label a new 96-well PCR plate IAP (Indexed Amplification Plate) and place on the TruSeq Index Plate Fixture.
- ³ Using a multichannel pipette, add 9 μl of each Index 1 (i7) adapter down each column. Replace cap on each i7 adapter tube with a new orange cap.
- 4 Using a multichannel pipette, add 9 μl of each Index 2 (i5) adapter across each row. Replace the cap on each i5 adapter tube with a new white cap.

NOTE

After use, remove all index primer tubes from the working area.

- 5 Prepare the PMM2/TDP1 PCR master mix according to the number of reactions.
 - For 96 reactions, add 60 μl of TDP1 to 2.58 ml of PMM2.
 - If preparing fewer reactions, use the following calculation: Number of reactions × (0.625 µl TDP + 26.875 µl PMM2).



Do not pipette volumes of $< 5 \mu l$ of TDP1.

- 6 Invert 20 times to mix. Do not vortex.
- 7 When the 45 minute extension-ligation reaction is complete, remove FPU from the incubator. To ensure the reaction supernatant drains into the waste plate, remove foil seal and replace with the filter plate lid.
- 8 Centrifuge at 2400 × g for 2 minutes.
- 9 Add 25 µl of 0.05 N NaOH to each containing sample. Pipette to mix.
- 10 Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 11 During incubation, transfer 22 μ l master mix to each well of the IAP plate containing index adapters.
- 12 Transfer samples eluted from the FPU plate to the IAP plate, as follows.

NOTE

Slightly tilt the FPU plate to ensure complete aspiration and to avoid air bubbles.

- a Pipette to mix the contents in the first column of the FPU plate.
- b Transfer 20 µl from the FPU plate to the corresponding column of the IAP plate.
- c Gently pipette to mix.
- d Transfer the remaining columns from the FPU plate to the IAP plate in a similar manner.
- e After all the samples have been transferred, discard the waste collection midi plate of the FPU. Store the metal adapter collar.
- 13 Centrifuge 1000 × g at for 1 minute.
- 14 Transfer the IAP plate to the post-amplification area.
- 15 On the thermal cycler, set the reaction volume to 60 μl and the temperature ramp speed to maximum.
- 16 Place on the preprogrammed thermal cycler and run the PCR AMP program.

SAFE STOPPING POINT

If you are stopping, seal the plate and store at 2°C to 8°C for up to 2 days. Alternatively, leave on the thermal cycler overnight.

Check Library Preparation (Optional)

- 1 After PCR, combine 5 μ l of amplified product with 15 μ l of DEPC/DI H20.
- 2 Run on a 4% TBE agarose gel along with 100 bp ladder to confirm the presence of the 300–330 bp library product. Alternatively, the products can be run on a Bioanalyzer. If generating libraries with ACP1, expect the product to be present at 350–380 bp.

Clean Up Libraries

This process uses AMPure XP beads to purify the PCR products from the other reaction components.

Consumables

- EBT (Elution Buffer with Tris)
- AMPure XP beads
- 96-well midi plates
- Freshly prepared 80% ethanol (EtOH)
- Microseal 'B' adhesive film
- Troughs

Preparation

- 1 Bring the AMPure XP beads to room temperature.
- 2 Prepare fresh 80% ethanol from absolute ethanol.
- 3 Label a new midi plate CLP_Plate_ID (Clean-up Plate).
- 4 Label a new 96-well PCR plate SGP (Storage Plate).

Procedure

- 1 Centrifuge the IAP plate at 1000 × g at 20°C for 1 minute to collect condensation.
- 2 Invert AMPure XP beads 10 times. Vortex vigorously and then invert again 10 times.

Immediately proceed to the next step to avoid settling of the beads.

3 $\,$ Add 55 μl of AMPure XP beads to each well of the CLP plate.



The ACD1/ACP1 control can be processed using the same conditions as your CAT.

- 4 Transfer 55 µl PCR product from the IAP plate to the CLP plate.
- 5 Shake at 1800 rpm for 2 minutes.
- 6 Incubate at room temperature without shaking for 10 minutes.
- 7 Place on a magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (~2 minutes). Keep the plate on the magnetic stand until step 11.
- 8 Remove and discard the supernatant.



Delays during this step can lead to bead clumping following removal of the supernatant. Proceed immediately to next step when all supernatant is removed.

- 9 Wash 2 times, as follows.
 - a Add 200 µl freshly prepared 80% EtOH. Avoid disturbing the beads.
 - b Incubate on the magnetic stand for 30 seconds or until the supernatant appears clear.
 - c Remove and discard all supernatant from each well.

- 10 Remove residual EtOH from each well.
- 11 Remove the CLP plate from the magnetic stand.
- 12 Air-dry the beads for 5 minutes.
- 13 Add 40 µl EBT to each well containing sample.If you use care to avoid cross-contamination, changing tips is not required.
- Shake at 1800 rpm for 5 minutes.After shaking, if any samples are not resuspended, gently pipette or tap on the bench to mix, and then repeat this step.
- 15 Incubate at room temperature without shaking for 2 minutes.
- 16 Place the plate on the magnetic stand for 2 minutes.
- 17 $\,$ Transfer 40 μl supernatant from the CLP plate to the SGP plate.

18 Centrifuge the SGP plate at 1000 × g for 1 minute.



Store the SGP plate at room temperature during the library quantification and normalization steps. After library normalization, store the SGP plate at -25°C to -15°C until ready to quantify and normalize any remaining samples.

Check Libraries

To achieve the highest data quality, it is important to create optimum cluster densities. This step requires accurate quantification of DNA libraries. Illumina recommends quantifying libraries generated from FFPE samples using the Agilent Technologies Bioanalyzer 2100.

Procedure

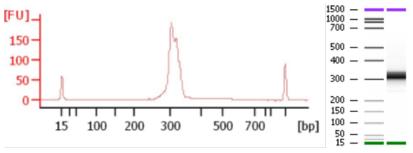
1~ Load 1 μl of the resuspended library on an Agilent Technologies 2100 Bioanalyzer using the Agilent DNA-1000.

Refer to the Agilent DNA Kit Guide (Part Number G2938-90014) and Agilent DNA 1000 Kit Quick Start Guide (Part Number G2938-90015) for complete instructions on using the Agilent Technologies 2100 Bioanalyzer.

2 Check the size and purity of the sample. The expected final product is a band at ~300–330 bp, as in Figure 4.

If generating libraries using ACP1, the expected final product is present at ~350–380 bp. Expect this concentration to correlate with the relative library intensities previously observed on the agarose gel. For more information, see *Check Library Preparation* (*Optional*) on page 21.

Figure 4 Representative DNA Sample Prep Library Size Distribution, 300–330 bp



NOTE

If > 10% of the library product is present in the 150–250 bp range, Illumina recommends repeating the *PCR Clean-Up* procedure. Use 40 μ l of product and 32 μ l of AMPure XP beads for the repeat procedure.

Normalize Libraries

This process normalizes the quantity of each library to ensure more equal library representation when libraries are pooled.

Consumables

- EBT (Elution Buffer with Tris)
- Microseal 'B' adhesive film
- Midi plate

Procedure

- From the Agilent Bioanalyzer run, determine the concentration for all samples. Add all concentrations (in terms of nM) for all peaks in the 300–330 bp range (or 350–380 bp for ACP1 libraries) and record the values. The expected concentration range is 4–300 nM.
- 2 Label a new midi plate LNP_plate (Library Normalization Plate).
- 3 Dilute 4 μ l of all samples > 20 nM to 4 nM with the EBT buffer. For example, if a sample is 254 nM, add 4 μ l of library to 250 μ l of EBT buffer to give 4 nM.
- 4 Dilute at least 20 μ l of any samples \leq 20 nM to 4 nM.

SAFE STOPPING POINT

If you are stopping, seal the plate and store at -25°C to -15°C for up to 7 days.

Pool Libraries

Pooling libraries combines equal volumes of normalized libraries in a single tube. After pooling, dilute and heat-denature the library pool before loading libraries for the sequencing run.

Consumables

- EBT (Elution Buffer with Tris)
- Microcentrifuge tubes (screw-cap recommended)
- PCR 8-tube strip
- Stock 1.0 N NaOH

Preparation

- 1 If the LNP plate was stored frozen, thaw at room temperature. When thawed, pipette to mix libraries.
- 2 Centrifuge at 1000 × g at 20°C for 1 minute to collect condensation.
- 3 Determine the libraries to be pooled.

Procedure

Sequence 4 tumor samples (8 libraries total) per run. If sequencing a different number of samples, adjust the following procedure accordingly.



Two libraries represent each sample and are generated from the TruSight Tumor Oligo Pools (FPA and FPB). The FPA and FPB libraries for each sample must be run together on the same flow cell to analyze the results for each sample.

NOTE

Control libraries generated from ACD1 with ACP1 must be pooled and run separately from those libraries prepared with FPA and FPB, because they require a run of 151 cycles.

- 1 Add 10 µl of 1N NaOH to 140 µl EBT buffer. Vortex to mix.
- 2~ Transfer 5 μl of each 4 nM library from the LNP plate to its own tube in a PCR 8-tube strip.



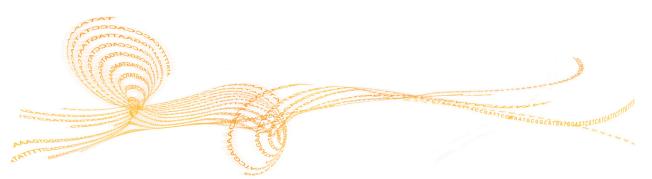
NOTE

After use, the sealed LNP plate can be stored at -25°C to -15°C for up to 7 days.

- 3 Add 15 µl NaOH/EBT solution to each 5 µl of library.
- 4 Incubate for 5 minutes at room temperature.
- 5 Label a microcentrifuge tube PAL (Pooled Amplicon Library).
- 6~ Add 10 μl of each library/NaOH/EBT solution to the PAL tube.
- 7 Pipette to mix.
- 8 Denature and dilute pooled libraries to the loading concentration for the instrument you are using. See the denature and dilute libraries guide for your instrument.

Supporting Information

Introduction	
How Does the Assay Work?	
Acronyms	
TruSight Tumor 26 Kit Contents	
Consumables and Equipment	
Index Sequences	



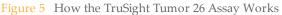
TruSight Tumor 26 Reference Guide

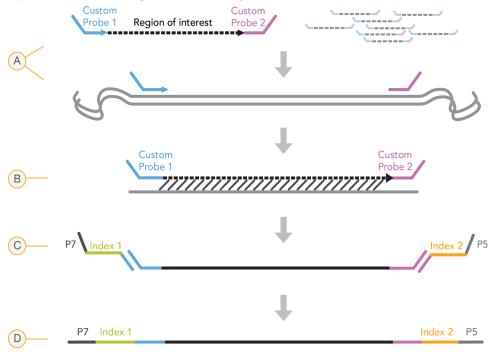
Introduction

The protocols described in this guide assume that you have reviewed the contents of this appendix, confirmed your kit contents, and obtained all the required consumables and equipment.

How Does the Assay Work?

For each amplicon, 2 pairs of oligos are designed. One pair is complementary to one strand and another pair to the opposite strand. In separate wells of a 96-well plate, these oligos hybridize to the genomic DNA. Extension and ligation then form DNA templates consisting of the regions of interest flanked by universal primer sequences. Using indexed primers supplied with the kit, DNA templates are then amplified using PCR. The library products are then pooled into a single tube, and then sequenced.





- A Hybridization of custom oligonucleotide probes
- B Extension and ligation
- C Addition of indexes and sequencing adapters by PCR
- D Final amplicon ready for sequencing

Acronyms

Acronym	Definition
ACD1	Amplicon Control DNA 1
ACP1	Amplicon Control Oligo Pool 1
CLP	Clean-up Plate
EBT	Elution Buffer with Tris
ELM3	Extension Ligation Mix 3
FPA	TruSight Tumor Oligo Pool A
FPB	TruSight Tumor Oligo Pool B
FPU	Filter Plate Unit
HT1	Hybridization Buffer
НҮР	HYbridization Plate
IAP	Indexed Amplification Plate
LNP	Library Normalization Plate
OHS3	Oligo Hybridization for Sequencing Reagent 3
PAL	Pooled Amplicon Library
PMM2	PCR Master Mix 2
QCP	Quality Control Primers
QCT	Quality Control Template
SGP	Storage Plate
SW1	Stringent Wash 1
TDP1	TruSeq DNA Polymerase 1
UB1	Universal Buffer 1

TruSight Tumor 26 Kit Contents

The TruSight Tumor 26 Kit contains the following components and is shipped on dry ice unless specified otherwise. When you receive your kit, store the kit components at the specified temperatures and in designated pre-amplification and post-amplification areas.

Kit Name	Catalog #	# Samples
TruSight Tumor 26	FC-130-2001	48
TG* TruSight Tumor 26	TG-130-2001	48

NOTE

*TG-labeled consumables include features intended to help reduce the frequency of revalidation. They are available only under supply agreement and require you to provide a binding forecast. Contact your account manager for more information.

TruSight Tumor 26 Kit

Box 1 - Pre-Amplification

Quantity	Reagent	Description	Storage Temperature
1	ACD1	Amplicon Control DNA 1	-25°C to -15°C
1	ACP1	Amplicon Control Oligo Pool 1	-25°C to -15°C
1	OHS3	Oligo Hybridization	-25°C to -15°C
		for Sequencing Reagent 3	
1	ELM3	Extension Ligation Mix 3	-25°C to -15°C
1	PMM2	PCR Master Mix 2	-25°C to -15°C
1	TDP1	TruSeq DNA Polymerase 1	-25°C to -15°C
1	SW1	Stringent Wash 1	2°C to 8°C
1	UB1	Universal Buffer 1	2°C to 8°C

WARNING

This set of reagents contains formamide, an aliphatic amide that is a probable reproductive toxin. Personal injury can occur through inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, and eye contact. Wear protective equipment, including eye protection, gloves, and laboratory coat. Handle used reagents as chemical waste and discard in accordance with the governmental safety standards for your region. For environmental, health, and safety information, see the SDS for this kit at support.illumina.com/sds.html.

Box 2 - Post-Amplification

Quantity	Reagent	Description	Storage Temperature
1	HT1	Hybridization Buffer	-25°C to -15°C
4	EBT	Elution Buffer with Tris	Room temperature

Box 3 - TruSight Tumor Oligo Set, Pre-Amplification, Store at -25°C to -15°C

Quantity	Reagent	Description
1	QCP	Quality Control Primers

Quantit	y	Reagent	Description
1		FPA	TruSight Tumor Oligo Pool A
1		FPB	TruSight Tumor Oligo Pool B
1		QCT	Quality Control Template

TruSight Tumor 26 Index Kit

Box 1, Pre-Amplification, Store at -25°C to -15°C

Quantity	Description
8	i5 Index Primers, A501 to A508
12	i7 Index Primers, A701 to A712

Box 2, Pre-Amplification, Store at Room Temperature

Quantity	Description
32	i5 Index Tube Caps, White
48	i7 Index Tube Caps, Orange

Additional Required Components, Pre-Amplification, Store at Room Temperature

Consumable	Catalog #
TruSeq Custom Amplicon Filter Plate with Lid	FC-130-1006
TruSeq Index Plate Fixture and Collar Kit (reusable)	FC-130-1007

Consumables and Equipment

Make sure that you have the required user-supplied consumables and equipment before starting the protocol.

The protocol has been optimized and validated using the items listed. Comparable performance is not guaranteed when using alternate consumables and equipment.

Consumables

Consumable	Supplier
PhiX Control v3	Illumina, FC-110-3001
10 N NaOH (prepare from tablets or use a standard solution)	General lab supplier
96-well skirted PCR plates, 0.2 ml, polypropylene	Bio-Rad, Part # MSP-9601
96-well storage plates, 0.8 ml (midi plates)	Fisher Scientific, Part # AB-0859 Fisher Scientific, Part # AB-0765
Adhesive aluminum foil seal	Beckman Coulter, Part # 538619
Agarose gel (2% or 4%)	General lab supplier
Agencourt AMPure XP, 60 ml kit	Beckman Coulter, Part # A63881/A63880
Conical tubes, 15 ml	General lab supplier
Deparaffinization Solution	QIAGEN, part # 19093
DNA 1000 Kit for Bioanalyzer	Agilent 5067-1504 (for 300 samples)
DNA molecular weight markers	General lab supplier
Eppendorf microcentrifuge tubes (screw top recommended)	General lab supplier
Ethanol, 200 proof for molecular biology	General lab supplier
Ice bucket	General lab supplier
KAPA SYBR FAST qPCR Master Mix (2X) (Universal)	KAPA Biosystems
Microseal 'B' adhesive seals	Bio-Rad, Part # MSB-1001
PCR 8-tube strips	General lab supplier
Solution basin, PVC, nonsterile (trough)	Labcor, Part# 730-001
QIAamp DNA FFPE Tissue Kit	QIAGEN, Part # 56404

Equipment

Pre-PCR Equipment

Equipment	Supplier
37° incubator	Forced Air Oven, VWR International or comparable
Heat block, 96-well	SciGene, Hybex Microsample Incubator for PCR plate Note: This model is recommended for this assay. Passive cooling, as opposed to active cooling performed in a PCR thermal cycler, is recommended for maximum target enrichment specificity and uniformity.
Tabletop centrifuge	General lab supplier (Plate centrifuge that attains designated speeds of protocol)

NOTE

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Use a dedicated set of pipettes, pipette tips, vortexer, and centrifuge during pre-amplification steps.

Post-PCR Equipment

Equipment	Supplier
Post-PCR plate shaker	Q Instruments BioShake iQ high-speed thermoshaker (part # 1808-0506) or Q Instruments BioShake XP high-speed lab shaker (part # 1808-0505)
Tabletop centrifuge	General lab supplier (plate centrifuge that attains designated speeds of protocol)
Gel electrophoresis supplies and apparatus	General lab supplier
Bioanalyzer System	Agilent Technologies
Heat block for 1.5 ml centrifuge tubes	General lab supplier
Magnetic stand-96	Invitrogen DynaMag [™] -96 Side Skirted



NOTE

Use a dedicated set of pipettes, pipette tips, vortexer, heat block, and centrifuge during post-amplification steps.

Thermal Cyclers

The following table lists the recommended settings for the Illumina recommended thermal cycler and other comparable models. If your lab has a thermal cycler that is not listed, validate the thermal cycler before performing the TruSight Tumor 26 protocol.

Thermal Cycler	Temp Mode	Lid Temp	Vessel Type
Bio-Rad DNA Engine Tetrad 2	Calculated	Heated, Constant at 100°C	Polypropylene plates and tubes
MJ Research DNA Engine Tetrad (no longer available for purchase)	Calculated	Heated	Plate
Eppendorf Mastercycler Pro S	Gradient S, Simulated Tube	Heated	Plate



NOTE

The gDNA qPCR evaluation was optimized on the Illumina Eco Real-Time PCR System and the Bio-Rad CFX396 System. If using other machines, verify the protocol before use.

Index Sequences

Use the following sequences for entry on your sample sheet:

i7 Index PCR Primer	Index Sequence
A701	ATCACGAC
A702	ACAGTGGT
A703	CAGATCCA
A704	ACAAACGG
A705	ACCCAGCA
A706	AACCCCTC
A707	CCCAACCT
A708	CACCACAC
A709	GAAACCCA
A710	TGTGACCA
A711	AGGGTCAA
A712	AGGAGTGG
A501	TGAACCTT
A502	TGCTAAGT
A503	TGTTCTCT
A504	TAAGACAC
A505	CTAATCGA
A506	CTAGAACA
A507	TAAGTTCC
A508	TAGACCTA

Technical Assistance

For technical assistance, contact Illumina Technical Support.

 Table 1
 Illumina General Contact Information

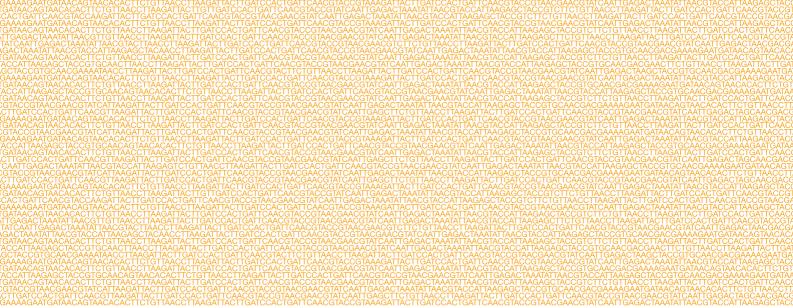
Website	www.illumina.com
Email	techsupport@illumina.com

 Table 2
 Illumina Customer Support Telephone Numbers

Region	Contact Number	Region	Contact Number
North America	1.800.809.4566	Japan	0800.111.5011
Australia	1.800.775.688	Netherlands	0800.0223859
Austria	0800.296575	New Zealand	0800.451.650
Belgium	0800.81102	Norway	800.16836
China	400.635.9898	Singapore	1.800.579.2745
Denmark	80882346	Spain	900.812168
Finland	0800.918363	Sweden	020790181
France	0800.911850	Switzerland	0800.563118
Germany	0800.180.8994	Taiwan	00806651752
Hong Kong	800960230	United Kingdom	0800.917.0041
Ireland	1.800.812949	Other countries	+44.1799.534000
Italy	800.874909		

Safety data sheets (SDSs)—Available on the Illumina website at support.illumina.com/sds.html.

Product documentation—Available for download in PDF from the Illumina website. Go to support.illumina.com, select a product, then select **Documentation & Literature**.



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